

above, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacteria and viral expression systems. Numerous gene delivery techniques are well known in the art, such as those described by Rolland, *Crit. Rev. Therap. Drug Carrier Systems* 15:143-198 (1998), and references cited therein. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guérin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface or secretes such an epitope. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (e.g., vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Suitable systems are disclosed, for example, in Fisher-Hoch *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:317-321 (1989); Flexner *et al.*, *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 569:86-103 (1989); Flexner *et al.*, *Vaccine* 8:17-21 (1990); U.S. Patent Nos. 4,503,112, 4,769,330, and 5,017,487; WO 89/01973; U.S. Patent No. 4,777,127; GB 2,200,651; EP 0,345,242; WO 91/02805; Berkner, *Biotechniques* 6:616-627 (1988); Rosenfeld *et al.*, *Science* 252:431-434 (1991); Kolls *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:215-219 (1994); Kass-Eisler *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:11498-11502 (1993); Guzman *et al.*, *Circulation* 88:2838-2848 (1993); and Guzman *et al.*, *Cir. Res.* 73:1202-1207 (1993). Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer *et al.*, *Science* 259:1745-1749 (1993) and reviewed by Cohen, *Science* 259:1691-1692 (1993). The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells. It will be apparent that a vaccine may comprise both a polynucleotide and a polypeptide component. Such vaccines may provide for an enhanced immune response.

It will be apparent that a vaccine may contain pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the polynucleotides and polypeptides provided herein. Such salts may be prepared from pharmaceutically acceptable non-toxic bases, including organic bases (e.g., salts of primary, secondary and tertiary amines and basic amino acids) and inorganic bases (e.g., sodium, potassium, lithium, ammonium, calcium and magnesium salts).

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the vaccine compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. Compositions of the present invention may be

formulated for any appropriate manner of administration, including for example, topical, oral, nasal, intravenous, intracranial, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intramuscular administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (e.g., polylactate polyglycolate) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268; 5,075,109; 5,928,647; 5,811,128; 5,820,883; 5,853,763; 5,814,344 and 5,942,252. One may also employ a carrier comprising the particulate-protein complexes described in U.S. Patent No. 5,928,647, which are capable of inducing a class I-restricted cytotoxic T lymphocyte responses in a host.

Such compositions may also comprise buffers (e.g., neutral buffered saline or phosphate buffered saline), carbohydrates (e.g., glucose, mannose, sucrose or dextrans), mannitol, proteins, polypeptides or amino acids such as glycine, antioxidants, bacteriostats, chelating agents such as EDTA or glutathione, adjuvants (e.g., aluminum hydroxide), solutes that render the formulation isotonic, hypotonic or weakly hypertonic with the blood of a recipient, suspending agents, thickening agents and/or preservatives. Alternatively, compositions of the present invention may be formulated as a lyophilizate. Compounds may also be encapsulated within liposomes using well known technology.

Any of a variety of immunostimulants may be employed in the vaccines of this invention. For example, an adjuvant may be included. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bordetella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium* species or *Mycobacterium* derived proteins. For example, delipidated, deglycolipidated *M. vaccae* ("pVac") can be used. In another embodiment, BCG is used as an adjuvant. In addition, the vaccine can be administered to a subject previously exposed to BCG. Suitable adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI); Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ); AS-2 and derivatives thereof (SmithKline Beecham, Philadelphia, PA); CWS, TDM, Leif, aluminum salts such as aluminum hydroxide gel (alum) or aluminum phosphate; salts of calcium, iron or zinc; an insoluble suspension of acylated tyrosine; acylated sugars;

cationically or anionically derivatized polysaccharides; polyphosphazenes; biodegradable microspheres; monophosphoryl lipid A and quill A. Cytokines, such as GM-CSF or interleukin-2, -7, or -12, may also be used as adjuvants.

Within the vaccines provided herein, the adjuvant composition is preferably designed to induce an immune response predominantly of the Th1 type. High levels of Th1-type cytokines (e.g., IFN- γ , TNF α , IL-2 and IL-12) tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to an administered antigen. In contrast, high levels of Th2-type cytokines (e.g., IL-4, IL-5, IL-6 and IL-10) tend to favor the induction of humoral immune responses. Following application of a vaccine as provided herein, a patient will support an immune response that includes Th1- and Th2-type responses. Within a preferred embodiment, in which a response is predominantly Th1-type, the level of Th1-type cytokines will increase to a greater extent than the level of Th2-type cytokines. The levels of these cytokines may be readily assessed using standard assays. For a review of the families of cytokines, see Mosmann & Coffman, *Ann. Rev. Immunol.* 7:145-173 (1989).

Preferred adjuvants for use in eliciting a predominantly Th1-type response include, for example, a combination of monophosphoryl lipid A, preferably 3-de-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A (3D-MPL), together with an aluminum salt. MPL adjuvants are available from Corixa Corporation (Seattle, WA; see US Patent Nos. 4,436,727; 4,877,611; 4,866,034 and 4,912,094). CpG-containing oligonucleotides (in which the CpG dinucleotide is unmethylated) also induce a predominantly Th1 response. Such oligonucleotides are well known and are described, for example, in WO 96/02555, WO 99/33488 and U.S. Patent Nos. 6,008,200 and 5,856,462. Immunostimulatory DNA sequences are also described, for example, by Sato *et al.*, *Science* 273:352 (1996).

Another preferred adjuvant comprises a saponin, such as Quill A, or derivatives thereof, including QS21 and QS7 (Aquila Biopharmaceuticals Inc., Framingham, MA); Escin; Digitonin; or *Gypsophila* or *Chenopodium quinoa* saponins. Other preferred formulations include more than one saponin in the adjuvant combinations of the present invention, for example combinations of at least two of the following group comprising QS21, QS7, Quill A, β -escin, or digitonin.

Alternatively the saponin formulations may be combined with vaccine vehicles composed of chitosan or other polycationic polymers, polylactide and polylactide-co-glycolide particles, poly-N-acetyl glucosamine-based polymer matrix,

particles composed of polysaccharides or chemically modified polysaccharides, liposomes and lipid-based particles, particles composed of glycerol monoesters, etc. The saponins may also be formulated in the presence of cholesterol to form particulate structures such as liposomes or ISCOMs. Furthermore, the saponins may be formulated 5 together with a polyoxyethylene ether or ester, in either a non-particulate solution or suspension, or in a particulate structure such as a paucilamellar liposome or ISCOM. The saponins may also be formulated with excipients such as Carbopol® to increase viscosity, or may be formulated in a dry powder form with a powder excipient such as lactose.

In one preferred embodiment, the adjuvant system includes the 10 combination of a monophosphoryl lipid A and a saponin derivative, such as the combination of QS21 and 3D-MPL® adjuvant, as described in WO 94/00153, or a less reactogenic composition where the QS21 is quenched with cholesterol, as described in WO 96/33739. Other preferred formulations comprise an oil-in-water emulsion and tocopherol. Another particularly preferred adjuvant formulation employing QS21, 3D- 15 MPL® adjuvant and tocopherol in an oil-in-water emulsion is described in WO 95/17210.

Another enhanced adjuvant system involves the combination of a CpG-containing oligonucleotide and a saponin derivative particularly the combination of CpG and QS21 as disclosed in WO 00/09159. Preferably the formulation additionally comprises an oil in water emulsion and tocopherol.

20 Other preferred adjuvants include Montanide ISA 720 (Seppic, France), SAP (Chiron, California, United States), ISCOMS (CSL), MF-59 (Chiron), the SBAS series of adjuvants (e.g., SBAS-2, AS2', AS2, " SBAS-4, or SBAS6, available from SmithKline Beecham, Rixensart, Belgium), Detox (Corixa, Hamilton, MT), RC-529 (Corixa, Hamilton, MT) and other aminoalkyl glucosaminide 4-phosphates (AGPs), such 25 as those described in pending U.S. Patent Application Serial Nos. 08/853,826 and 09/074,720, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entiiteties, and polyoxyethylene ether adjuvants such as those described in WO 99/52549A1.

30 Other preferred adjuvants include adjuvant molecules of the general formula (I): $\text{HO}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{O})_n\text{A-R}$, wherein, n is 1-50, A is a bond or $-\text{C}(\text{O})-$, R is C_{1-50} alkyl or Phenyl C_{1-50} alkyl.

One embodiment of the present invention consists of a vaccine formulation comprising a polyoxyethylene ether of general formula (I), wherein n is between 1 and 50, preferably 4-24, most preferably 9; the R component is C_{1-50} , preferably C_{4-20} alkyl

and most preferably C₁₂ alkyl, and A is a bond. The concentration of the polyoxyethylene ethers should be in the range 0.1-20%, preferably from 0.1-10%, and most preferably in the range 0.1-1%. Preferred polyoxyethylene ethers are selected from the following group: polyoxyethylene-9-lauryl ether, polyoxyethylene-9-stearyl ether, polyoxyethylene-8-stearyl ether, polyoxyethylene-4-lauryl ether, polyoxyethylene-35-lauryl ether, and polyoxyethylene-23-lauryl ether. Polyoxyethylene ethers such as polyoxyethylene lauryl ether are described in the Merck index (12th edition: entry 7717). These adjuvant molecules are described in WO 99/52549.

The polyoxyethylene ether according to the general formula (I) above 10 may, if desired, be combined with another adjuvant. For example, a preferred adjuvant combination is preferably with CpG as described in the pending UK patent application GB 9820956.2.

Any vaccine provided herein may be prepared using well known methods 15 that result in a combination of antigen, immune response enhancer and a suitable carrier or excipient. The compositions described herein may be administered as part of a sustained release formulation (i.e., a formulation such as a capsule, sponge or gel composed of polysaccharides, for example) that effects a slow release of compound following administration. Such formulations may generally be prepared using well known technology (see, e.g., Coombes *et al.*, *Vaccine* 14:1429-1438 (1996)) and 20 administered by, for example, oral, rectal or subcutaneous implantation, or by implantation at the desired target site. Sustained-release formulations may contain a polypeptide, polynucleotide or antibody dispersed in a carrier matrix and/or contained within a reservoir surrounded by a rate controlling membrane.

Carriers for use within such formulations are biocompatible, and may also 25 be biodegradable; preferably the formulation provides a relatively constant level of active component release. Such carriers include microparticles of poly(lactide-co-glycolide), polyacrylate, latex, starch, cellulose, dextran and the like. Other delayed-release carriers include supramolecular biovectors, which comprise a non-liquid hydrophilic core (e.g., a cross-linked polysaccharide or oligosaccharide) and, optionally, an external layer 30 comprising an amphiphilic compound, such as a phospholipid (see, e.g., U.S. Patent No. 5,151,254 and PCT applications WO 94/20078, WO/94/23701 and WO 96/06638). The amount of active compound contained within a sustained release formulation depends upon the site of implantation, the rate and expected duration of release and the nature of the condition to be treated or prevented.

Any of a variety of delivery vehicles may be employed within pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines to facilitate production of an antigen-specific immune response that targets tumor cells. Delivery vehicles include antigen presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells, macrophages, B cells, monocytes and other cells that 5 may be engineered to be efficient APCs. Such cells may, but need not, be genetically modified to increase the capacity for presenting the antigen, to improve activation and/or maintenance of the T cell response, to have anti-tumor effects *per se* and/or to be immunologically compatible with the receiver (i.e., matched HLA haplotype). APCs may generally be isolated from any of a variety of biological fluids and organs, including 10 tumor and peritumoral tissues, and may be autologous, allogeneic, syngeneic or xenogeneic cells.

Certain preferred embodiments of the present invention use dendritic cells or progenitors thereof as antigen-presenting cells. Dendritic cells are highly potent APCs (Banchereau & Steinman, *Nature* 392:245-251 (1998)) and have been shown to be 15 effective as a physiological adjuvant for eliciting prophylactic or therapeutic antitumor immunity (see Timmerman & Levy, *Ann. Rev. Med.* 50:507-529 (1999)). In general, dendritic cells may be identified based on their typical shape (stellate *in situ*, with marked cytoplasmic processes (dendrites) visible *in vitro*), their ability to take up, process and present antigens with high efficiency and their ability to activate naïve T cell responses. 20 Dendritic cells may, of course, be engineered to express specific cell-surface receptors or ligands that are not commonly found on dendritic cells *in vivo* or *ex vivo*, and such modified dendritic cells are contemplated by the present invention. As an alternative to dendritic cells, secreted vesicles antigen-loaded dendritic cells (called exosomes) may be used within a vaccine (see Zitvogel *et al.*, *Nature Med.* 4:594-600 (1998)).

25 Dendritic cells and progenitors may be obtained from peripheral blood, bone marrow, tumor-infiltrating cells, peritumoral tissues-infiltrating cells, lymph nodes, spleen, skin, umbilical cord blood or any other suitable tissue or fluid. For example, dendritic cells may be differentiated *ex vivo* by adding a combination of cytokines such as GM-CSF, IL-4, IL-13 and/or TNF α to cultures of monocytes harvested from peripheral 30 blood. Alternatively, CD34 positive cells harvested from peripheral blood, umbilical cord blood or bone marrow may be differentiated into dendritic cells by adding to the culture medium combinations of GM-CSF, IL-3, TNF α , CD40 ligand, LPS, flt3 ligand and/or

other compound(s) that induce differentiation, maturation and proliferation of dendritic cells.

Dendritic cells are conveniently categorized as "immature" and "mature" cells, which allows a simple way to discriminate between two well characterized phenotypes. However, this nomenclature should not be construed to exclude all possible intermediate stages of differentiation. Immature dendritic cells are characterized as APC with a high capacity for antigen uptake and processing, which correlates with the high expression of Fc γ receptor and mannose receptor. The mature phenotype is typically characterized by a lower expression of these markers, but a high expression of cell surface molecules responsible for T cell activation such as class I and class II MHC, adhesion molecules (e.g., CD54 and CD11) and costimulatory molecules (e.g., CD40, CD80, CD86 and 4-1BB).

APCs may generally be transfected with a polynucleotide encoding a protein (or portion or other variant thereof) such that the polypeptide, or an immunogenic portion thereof, is expressed on the cell surface. Such transfection may take place *ex vivo*, and a composition or vaccine comprising such transfected cells may then be used for therapeutic purposes, as described herein. Alternatively, a gene delivery vehicle that targets a dendritic or other antigen presenting cell may be administered to a patient, resulting in transfection that occurs *in vivo*. *In vivo* and *ex vivo* transfection of dendritic cells, for example, may generally be performed using any methods known in the art, such as those described in WO 97/24447, or the gene gun approach described by Mahvi *et al.*, *Immunology and Cell Biology* 75:456-460 (1997). Antigen loading of dendritic cells may be achieved by incubating dendritic cells or progenitor cells with the polypeptide, DNA (naked or within a plasmid vector) or RNA; or with antigen-expressing recombinant bacterium or viruses (e.g., vaccinia, fowlpox, adenovirus or lentivirus vectors). Prior to loading, the polypeptide may be covalently conjugated to an immunological partner that provides T cell help (e.g., a carrier molecule). Alternatively, a dendritic cell may be pulsed with a non-conjugated immunological partner, separately or in the presence of the polypeptide.

Vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions may be presented in unit-dose or multi-dose containers, such as sealed ampoules or vials. Such containers are preferably hermetically sealed to preserve sterility of the formulation until use. In general, formulations may be stored as suspensions, solutions or emulsions in oily or

aqueous vehicles. Alternatively, a vaccine or pharmaceutical composition may be stored in a freeze-dried condition requiring only the addition of a sterile liquid carrier immediately prior to use.

5 DIAGNOSTIC KITS

The present invention further provides kits for use within any of the above diagnostic methods. Such kits typically comprise two or more components necessary for performing a diagnostic assay. Components may be compounds, reagents, containers and/or equipment. For example, one container within a kit may contain a monoclonal antibody or fragment thereof that specifically binds to a protein. Such antibodies or fragments may be provided attached to a support material, as described above. One or more additional containers may enclose elements, such as reagents or buffers, to be used in the assay. Such kits may also, or alternatively, contain a detection reagent as described above that contains a reporter group suitable for direct or indirect detection of antibody binding.

Alternatively, a kit may be designed to detect the level of mRNA encoding a protein in a biological sample. Such kits generally comprise at least one oligonucleotide probe or primer, as described above, that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a protein. Such an oligonucleotide may be used, for example, within a PCR or hybridization assay. Additional components that may be present within such kits include a second oligonucleotide and/or a diagnostic reagent or container to facilitate the detection of a polynucleotide encoding a protein of the invention.

All publications and patent applications cited in this specification are 25 herein incorporated by reference as if each individual publication or patent application were specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference.

Although the foregoing invention has been described in some detail by way of illustration and example for purposes of clarity of understanding, it will be readily apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art in light of the teachings of this invention that 30 certain changes and modifications may be made thereto without departing from the spirit or scope of the appended claims.

EXAMPLES

The following examples are provided by way of illustration only and not by way of limitation. Those of skill in the art will readily recognize a variety of noncritical parameters that could be changed or modified to yield essentially similar results.

5 Example 1: Guinea pig vaccination with MTB72F fusion protein and compositions with individual antigens

Guinea pigs were immunized with adjuvant alone (SBAS1, SBAS2, or 10 ASAS7 plus Al(OH)3), MTB72F fusion protein in adjuvant, or TbH9 plus Ra35 antigen composition.

Methods:

Groups:	1)	SBAS1
15	2)	SBAS2
	3)	SBAS7 + Al(OH)3
	4)	TbH9+Ra35 + SBAS1
	5)	TbH9 + Ra35 + SBAS2
	6)	TbH9 + Ra35 + SBAS7(AI(OH)3)
20	7)	MTB72F in SBAS1
	8)	MTB72F in SBAS2
	9)	MTB72F in SBAS7+Al(OH)3
	10)	PBS
	11)	BCG

25

Dosage: 4 µg each of TbH9 and Ra35

8 µg MTB72F

Protocol: 1st immunization, 2nd immunization approximately 3 weeks 30 later, 3rd immunization approximately two and a half weeks later.

Pre-challenge: DTH (delayed type hypersensitivity, used to determine antigenicity; 16 µg antigen)

Challenge: Aerosol with ~30 cfu Erdman strain

Post challenge monitoring: Weight loss

5

Death (~6 months post challenge)

Results:

1. DTH

Positive reaction to the immunizing antigens. Reactions to individual 10 antigens or the fusion protein were comparable. Skin test reactivity to PPD was only seen with the BCG immunized group

15 2. Protection: Guinea pigs vaccinated with MTB72F fusion protein afforded protection compared to those immunized with a mixture of antigens (see Figure 1)).

Example 2: Mouse vaccination with MTB72F fusion protein and compositions with individual antigens

As described above, mice were immunized with adjuvant alone (SBAS2, 20 SBAS2', SBAS2'', or SBAS6), MTB72F fusion protein in adjuvant, MTB72F DNA, MTB59F fusion protein in adjuvant, or TbH9, Ra35 and Ra12 antigen composition.

Methods:

Groups: 1) MTB72F+ SBAS2
25 2) MTB72F + SBAS2'
3) MTB72F + SBAS2''
4) MTB72F + SBAS6
5) Ra12+ TbH9 + Ra35 in SBAS2
6) MTB59F in SBAS2
30 7) SBAS2
8) MTB72F + delipidated, deglycolipidated *M. vaccae*
9) MTB72F DNA
10) MTB72F +HFA
11) MTB72F + BCG

- 12) delipidated, deglycolipidated *M. vaccae*
- 13) BCG
- 14) Saline
- 15) MTB72F + SBAS2 (in house formulation)

5

8 animals per group

Immunization schedule: First immunization, second immunization approximately 3 weeks later; third immunization approximately three weeks later.

Aerosol challenge approximately three months after first does
10 Spleen or lung cells were isolated and cultured; count CFU of cultures approximately three weeks after plating.

Dose: 8 µg MTB72F, 6.56 µg MTB59F, or 1.52, 4.3, and 2.24 µg, respectively, of Ra12, TbH9, and Ra35, mixed.

15 *Results:*

Of the AS adjuvants, AS2" + MTB72F gave the best protection in both the spleen and lung in this set of experiments (see Figures 2A and 2B). MTB72F gave ~1 log better protection than MTB59F in both spleen and lung in this set of experiments, indicating that Ra12 provides additional benefit. Mixture of 12/H9/35 + AS2 gave a 20 better protection than MTB72F in this experiment. MTB72F DNA gave the best protection in this experiment, particularly in the spleen (>2 log). The protection was comparable in the lung to that seen with MTB72F protein + AS2", in this experiment.

25 Example 3: Guinea pig vaccination with MTB72F fusion protein and compositions with individual antigens

As described above, guinea pigs were immunized with adjuvant alone (SBAS2, SBAS2', SBAS2", or SBAS6), MTB72F fusion protein in adjuvant, MTB72F DNA, MTB59F fusion protein in adjuvant, or TbH9, Ra35 and Ra12 antigen 30 composition.

Methods:

Groups: 1) MTB72F + SBAS2
2) MTB72F + SBAS2'

3) MTB72F + SBAS2''
 4) MTB72F + SBAS6
 5) Ra12+ TbH9 + Ra35 in SBAS2
 6) MTB59F in SBAS2
 5 7) SBAS2
 8) MTB72F + pvac
 9) MTB72F DNA
 10) MTB72F +IFA
 11) MTB72F + BCG
 10 12) BCG
 13) Salfine
 14) delipidated, deglycolipidated *M. vaccae*

Antigens:

15 Antigens were formalated on a molar equivalent
 5 animals per group

Injection volume per dose is 250 μ l (IM) containing

MTB72F	20 μ g
Ra12, TbH9, Ra35	3.8, 10.8, and 5.6 μ g
MTB59F	16.4 μ g

Schedule:

1st immunization, 2nd immunization approximately three weeks later, 3rd
 25 immunization approximately three weeks later.

Challenge: ~ one and one half months after first immunization.

Results:

30 ~38 Wks post challenge

<u>Groups</u>	<u>Alive</u>	<u>State</u>
G1. MTB72F + AS2	1/5	[losing weight]

	G2. MTB72F + AS2'	2/5	[not gaining weight]
	G3. MTB72F + AS2''	3/5	[looking okay, but no weight gain]
	G4. MTB72F + AS6	2/5	[both these gaining weight]
	G5. MTB ^a Ra12+H9+Ra35 +AS2	4/5	[one maybe a bit peaked, but two gaining]
5	G6. MTB39F + AS2	2/5	[both losing a little]
	G7. AS2	2/5	[both losing]
	G8. MTB72F + pVac	1/5	[not looking too good]
	G9. MTB72F DNA	3/5	[all holding steady]
	G10. MTB72F + IFA	2/5	[doing okay]
10	G11. MTB72F + BCG	5/5	[eating very well]
	G12 BCG	4/5	[doing fine]
	G13 Saline		all dead
	G14 pVac	2/5	[not gaining weight]

15 By 50 weeks post challenge, while 80% (4/5) of the guinea pigs immunized with BCG + Mtb72F were still alive, only 20% (1/5) of those immunized with BCG alone were alive. At 85 weeks, 4/5 of the guinea pigs immunized with BCG + Mtb72F were still alive and healthy (see Figure 7).

20 Example 4: Long term protection

As described above, guinea pigs were immunized with adjuvant alone (AS2 or AS2''), MTB72F fusion protein in adjuvant, TbH9, Ra35 and Ra12 antigen composition, or a variety of individual antigens in adjuvant.

25 *Methods*

	<u>GROUPS</u>	<u>ANTIGEN DOSE</u>
	1. AS2'' + MTB39 (TbH9)	20ug/250ul (IM)
	2. AS2'' + MTB8.4 (DPV)	20ug
	3. AS2'' + MTB9.9 (MTI)	20ug
30	4. AS2'' + MTB41 (MTCC#2)	20ug
	5. AS2'' + MTB40 (HTCC#1)	20ug
	6. AS2'' + MTB9.8 (MSL)	20ug
	7. AS2'' + MTB72F	20ug

8.	AS2 ⁺ + Ra12+TbH9 + Ra35 (molar equivalent)	3.8 µg +10.8 µg +5.6 µg
9.	AS2 ⁺ + MTB71F + MTB72F+HTCC#1	20 µg +20 µg +10 µg
10.	AS2 ⁺ + Ra12	20 µg
11.	BCG	
5	12. AS2 ⁺	
13.	AS2 + MTB72F	
14.	AS2 ⁺ Ra12+TbH9+Ra35	
15.	AS2	

10 Example 5: Monkey vaccination with MTB72F fusion protein and compositions with individual antigens

As described above, monkeys were immunized with MTB72F fusion protein in SBAS2 adjuvant, or MTB8.4 antigen composition in adjuvant, or a mixture of MTB72F and MTB8.4.

15

Methods:

Groups

1.	Saline
2.	BCG
20	3. MTB8.4/AS2
	4. MTB72F/AS2
	5. MTB72F/AS2 (one arm) + MTB8.4/AS2 (other arm)

40 µg each antigen

25

Results:

At 8 weeks post challenge, monkeys immunized with BCG are showing signs of infection

30

Current data for 16 weeks post challenge reveals the following trend:
Groups immunized with MTB72F (4 and 5) are holding on their weights and have low ESR values compared to group 3 (MTB8.4 immunization) (Tables 1 and 2).

Table 1

Prophylactic Vaccine Study in Cynomolgus Monkeys with MTB8.4 and MTB72F formulated in AS2 20 Weeks Post Challenge

Groups	ID	Net weight		Status
		Change (kg)	Chest X-ray (onset)	
<i>AS2</i>	1398K	-24%	Pn, bil, prog (wk 8)	Alive
	4437B	-33%	Pn, bil, prog (wk4)	Dead
	2959G	-8.30%	Pn, bil, prog (wk4)	Alive
	605AE	-14.00%	Pn, rt, stable (wk 8)	Alive
<i>BCG</i>	3436A	-15.00%	Neg	Alive
	3642G	Plus 4.5%	Pn, rt, prog (wk 8)	Alive
	1190H	0%	Neg	Alive
	1051I	-30%	Pn, rt, prog (wk 8)	Dead
<i>MTB8.4</i>	3665C	-25%	Pn, rt, prog (wk8)	Dead
	2200F	-18.00%	Pn, rt, stable (wk8)	Alive
	1654J	-33.00%	Pn, bil, prog (wk4)	Dead
	4141C	-33%	Pn, bil, prog (wk4)	Dead
<i>MTB72F</i>	3061C*	Died after IT challenge		
	1228G	Plus 3.6%	Bron, bil, stable for 3 mo (wk8)	Alive
	3462E	-2.20%	Neg	Alive
	4254C	Plus 1.21	Pn, rt, stable for 3 mo (wk4)	Alive
<i>MTB8.4</i>	4496A	Plus 7%	Pn, rt, stable for 1 mo (wk 8)	Alive
	4422C	-39.00%	Pn, bil, prog (wk 4)	Dead
<i>MTB72F</i>	4416A	Plus 11%	Pn, rt, stable for 2 mo (wk 12)	Alive
	2734E	Plus 12.5%	Susp infil rt, stable for 3 mo (wk 8)	Alive

Table 2
Prophylactic Vaccine Study in Cynomolgus Monkeys with
MTB8.4 and MTB72F formulated in AS2

<u>Groups</u>	<u>ID</u>	<u>Wks Post Challenge</u>				
		<u>4</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>16 wks Chest X-n</u>
<u>ESR</u>						
<i>AS2</i>	1398K	3	3	10	19	Pn, bil, progrsv
	4437B	10	20	3		Died
	2959G	6	3	3	0	Pn, rt, progrsv
	605AE	1	4	7	3	Pn, rt, stable
<i>BCG</i>	3436A	0	8	7	15	Neg
	3642G	0	0	0	0	Pn, rt, progre
	1190H	1	0	2	0	Neg
	1051I	0	8	22	7	Pn, bil, w/furt pro Died
<i>MTB8.4</i>	3665C	12	30	19		Died
	2200F	1	7	2	0	Pn, rt, progrsv
	1654J	20	8	21	7	Pn,bil,w/fur progr
	4141C	13	8	2	15	Pn,bil,w/fur progr
<i>MTB72F</i>	3061C*	<u>Died after IT challenge</u>				
	1228G	0	1	20	0	Now stable
	3462E	0	0	0	0	Neg
	4254C	13	0	0	0	Pn, now stable
<i>MTB8.4/</i>	4496A	5	1	0	5	Pn, rt, w/furt prog
	4422C	10	3	0		Died
	4416A	6	0	1	0	Pn, now stable
	2734E	0	0	0	0	Susp infil, now st

Example 6: BCG priming experiment in monkeys

5 animals per group with four groups immunized with BCG and then rested, then immunized as described above and challenged. The following protocol will be used:

5

Groups	# animals	Immunizing Antigen	Antigen Dose
1. Nothing	5	AS2	
2. BCG	5	AS2	
3. BCG	5	MTB72F	40ug
10 4. BCG	4	Ra12+TbH9+Ra35	Molar equiv of antigens in MTB72F dose
5. BCG	4	MTB72F + MTB71F + MTB40	40ug MTB72F 40ug MTB72F 20ug MTB40

15

All antigens in formulated in AS2

Groups 4 and 5 have four animals each. Two of the BCG immunized monkeys died

Groups	# animals	Immunizing Antigen	Antigens for T cell proliferation and cytokine production assays
5	1. Nothing	5 AS2	PHA, PPD, MTB72F, MTCC#2, Ra12, TbH9, Ra35, MSL, MTI
	2. BCG	5 AS2	PHA, PPD, MTB72F, MTB71F, HTCC#1, DPV, MTCC#2, Ra12, TbH9, Ra35, MSL, MTI
10	3. BCG	5 MTB72F	PHA, PPD, MTB72F, Ra12, TbH9, Ra35
15	4. BCG	4 Ra12+TbH9+Ra35	PHA, PPD, MTB72F, Ra12, TbH9, Ra35
	5. BCG	4 MTB72F + MTB71F + MTB40	PHA, PPD, MTB72F, MTB71F, HTCC#1, DPV, MTCC-2, Ra12, TbH9, Ra35, MSL, MTI
20			

Example 7: Construction of Ra35MutSA and MTB72FMutSA

Expression of Mtb72f typically results in some breakdown products. In addition, the expression of the full-length sequences of the mature or full length form of Ra35 (Mt32A) in *E. coli* has been difficult. The expressed product was only visible after immunoblotting with a polyclonal rabbit anti-Ra35 Ab indicative of low levels of protein expression. Even then, multiple specific species (bands) were detected indicative of auto-catalytic breakdown (degradation) of the recombinant antigen. This was presumed to be due to the expression of Ra35PL in *E. coli* as a biologically active form.

It has been previously shown that it was possible to express Ra35FL as two overlapping halves comprising the N-terminal (Ra35N-term, called Ra35) and C-term halves (Ra35C-term called Ra12). To enhance and stabilize the expression of the whole Ra35 molecule, a single point mutation was introduced at one of the residues

within the active-site triad (substitution of Ser to Ala; *see* Figures 6). This mutagenized form of Mtb32A can now be easily expressed at high levels in a stable form. In addition, to stabilize expression of Mtb72F, a single nucleotide substitution (T to G, resulting in a Ser to Ala change at position 710 of the fusion polypeptide) was incorporated in the 5 sequence of Mtb72F at nucleotide position 2128 (see Figure 5).

This stabilization is also readily accomplished by mutagenizing any one, any two, or all three of the three residues comprising the active site triad in Ra35FL, Ra35, or Mtb72F or other fusion proteins comprising Ra35 (Ile, Asp, or Ser).

Mutagenesis can be performed using any technique known to one of skill in the art.

10

Example 8: Immunization of mice with Ra35FLMutSA-TbH9 and MTB72FMutSA

Eight mice per group were immunized with the compositions listed below, which include the adjuvant AS2A. The mice were then challenged with *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*, and survival of the mice was measured.

15

<u>Group</u>	<u>Concentration of protein or DNA</u>
1. Mtb72f protein	1.5 mg/ml
2. Mtb72f DNA	1.2 mg/ml
3. Mtb72f-85b protein	0.6 mg/ml
4. Mtb72f-85b DNA	1.1 mg/ml
5. Mtb72f-MT1 protein	1.3 mg/ml
6. Mtb72f-MT1 DNA	1.1 mg/ml
7. Mtb72f MutSA protein	1.7 mg/ml
8. MTB3AMutSA-Tb119 protein	2.4 mg/ml
9. BCG	
10. AS2	
11. vector alone	1.5 mg/ml
12. saline	

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS

1 1. A composition comprising a MTB39 antigen (SEQ ID NO:12 or
2 14) or an immunogenic fragment thereof from a *Mycobacterium* species of the
3 tuberculosis complex, and a MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4) or an immunogenic
4 fragment thereof from a *Mycobacterium* species of the tuberculosis complex.

1 2. The composition of claim 1, comprising a MTB39 antigen (SEQ
2 ID NO:12 or 14) or an immunogenic fragment thereof from a *Mycobacterium* species of
3 the tuberculosis complex, and a polypeptide comprising at least 195 amino acids from the
4 N-terminus of a MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4) from a *Mycobacterium* species of
5 the tuberculosis complex.

1 3. The composition of claim 2, further comprising a polypeptide
2 comprising at least about 132 amino acids from the C-terminus of MTB32A antigen
3 (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4) from a *Mycobacterium* species of the tuberculosis complex.

1 4. The composition of claims 1, 2, or 3, wherein the antigens are
2 covalently linked, thereby forming a fusion polypeptide.

1 5. The composition of claim 4, wherein the fusion polypeptide has the
2 amino acid sequence of MTB59F (SEQ ID NO:20).

1 6. The composition of claim 4, wherein the fusion polypeptide has the
2 amino acid sequence of MTB72F (SEQ ID NO:16).

1 7. The composition of claim 4, wherein the fusion polypeptide has the
2 amino acid sequence of MTB72FMutSA (SEQ ID NO:18).

1 8. The composition of claim 6 or 7, further comprising BCG.

1 9. The composition of claim 6 or 7, further comprising at least one
2 additional antigen from a *Mycobacterium* species of the tuberculosis complex, wherein
3 the antigen is selected from the group consisting of MTB8.4 antigen (SEQ ID NO:22),
4 MTB9.8 antigen (SEQ ID NO:24), MTB9.9 antigen (SEQ ID NO:27), MTB40 antigen
5 (SEQ ID NO:29), MTB41 antigen (SEQ ID NO:31), 38-1 (SEQ ID NO:35), TbRa3 (SEQ
6 ID NO:37), 38 kD (SEQ ID NO:39), DPEP (SEQ ID NO:41), TbH4 (SEQ ID NO:43),

7 DPPD(SEQ ID NO:45), MTB82, Erd14, ESAT-6 antigen (SEQ ID NO:33), MTB85
8 complex antigen, or α -crystalline antigen, or an immunogenic fragment thereof.

1 10. The composition of claim 6 or 7, further comprising an adjuvant.

1 11. The composition of claim 4, wherein the antigens are covalently
2 linked via a chemical linker.

1 12. The composition of claim 11, wherein the chemical linker is an
2 amino acid linker.

1 13. The composition of claim 1, further comprising at least one
2 additional antigen from a *Mycobacterium* species of the tuberculosis complex, wherein
3 the antigen is selected from the group consisting of MTB8.4 antigen (SEQ ID NO:22),
4 MTB9.8 antigen (SEQ ID NO:24), MTB9.9 antigen (SEQ ID NO:27), MTB40 antigen
5 (SEQ ID NO:29), MTB41 antigen (SEQ ID NO:31), 38-kD (SEQ ID NO:35), TbRa3 (SEQ
6 ID NO:37), 38 kD (SEQ ID NO:39), DPEP (SEQ ID NO:41), TbH4 (SEQ ID NO:43),
7 DPPD(SEQ ID NO:45), MTB82, Erd14, ESAT-6 antigen (SEQ ID NO:33), MTB85
8 complex antigen, or α -crystalline antigen, or an immunogenic fragment thereof.

1 14. The composition of claim 1, further comprising an adjuvant.

1 15. The composition of claim 14, wherein the adjuvant comprises
2 QS21 and MPL.

1 16. The composition of claim 14, wherein the adjuvant is selected from
2 the group consisting of AS2, ENHANZYN, MPL, 3D-MPL, IFA, QS21, CWS, TDM,
3 AGP, CPG, Leif, saponin, and saponin mimetics.

1 17. The composition of claim 1, further comprising BCG or pVac.

1 18. The composition of claim 1, further comprising an NS1 antigen or
2 an immunogenic fragment thereof.

1 19. The composition of claim 1, wherein the *Mycobacterium* species is
2 *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*.

1 20. An expression cassette comprising a nucleic acid encoding a
2 MTB39 antigen (SEQ ID NO:12 or 14) or an immunogenic fragment thereof from a
3 *Mycobacterium* species of the tuberculosis complex, and a nucleic acid encoding a
4 MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4) or an immunogenic fragment thereof from a
5 *Mycobacterium* species of the tuberculosis complex.

1 21. The expression cassette of claim 20, comprising a nucleic acid
2 encoding a MTB39 antigen (SEQ ID NO:12 or 14) or an immunogenic fragment thereof
3 from a *Mycobacterium* species of the tuberculosis complex, and a nucleic acid encoding a
4 polypeptide comprising at least 195 amino acids from the N-terminus of a MTB32A
5 antigen (SEQ ID NO: 2 or 4) from a *Mycobacterium* species of the tuberculosis complex.

1 22. The expression cassette of claim 21, further comprising a nucleic
2 acid encoding a polypeptide comprising at least 132 amino acids of the C-terminus of a
3 MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4) from a *Mycobacterium* species of the tuberculosis
4 complex.

1 23. The expression cassette of claim 20, wherein the nucleic acid
2 encodes a fusion polypeptide comprising a MTB39 antigen (SEQ ID NO:12 or 14) or an
3 immunogenic fragment thereof and a nucleic acid encoding a MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID
4 NO:2 or 4) or an immunogenic fragment thereof.

1 24. The expression cassette of claim 23, wherein the nucleic acid
2 encodes a fusion polypeptide comprising a MTB39 antigen (SEQ ID NO:12 or 14) or an
3 immunogenic fragment thereof, and a polypeptide comprising at least 195 amino acids
4 from the N-terminus of a MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4).

1 25. The expression cassette of claim 24, wherein the fusion
2 polypeptide further comprises a polypeptide comprising at least 132 amino acids of the C-
3 terminus of a MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4).

1 26. The expression cassette of claim 24, wherein the nucleic acid
2 encodes a fusion polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of MTB59F (SEQ ID
3 NO:20).

1 27. The expression cassette of claim 26, wherein the nucleic acid has
2 the sequence of the nucleic acid encoding MTB59F (SEQ ID NO:19).

1 28. The expression cassette of claim 25, wherein the nucleic acid
2 encodes a fusion polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of MTB72F (SEQ ID
3 NO:16).

1 29. The expression cassette of claim 28, wherein the nucleic acid has
2 the sequence of the nucleic acid encoding MTB72F (SEQ ID NO:15).

1 30. The expression cassette of claim 28, wherein the nucleic acid has
2 the sequence of the nucleic acid encoding MTB72FMutSA (SEQ ID NO:18).

1 31. The expression cassette of claim 29 or 30, further comprising a
2 nucleic acid encoding at least one additional antigen from a *Mycobacterium* species of the
3 tuberculosis complex, wherein the antigen is selected from the group consisting
4 of MTB8.4 antigen (SEQ ID NO:22), MTB9.8 antigen (SEQ ID NO:24), MTB9.9 antigen
5 (SEQ ID NO:27), MTB40 antigen (SEQ ID NO:29), MTB41 antigen (SEQ ID NO:31),
6 38-1 (SEQ ID NO:35), TbRa3 (SEQ ID NO:37), 38 kD (SEQ ID NO:39), DPEP (SEQ ID
7 NO:41), TbH4 (SEQ ID NO:43), DPPD (SEQ ID NO:45), MTB82, Erd14, ESAT-6
8 antigen (SEQ ID NO:33), MTB85 complex antigen, or α -crystalline antigen, or an
9 immunogenic fragment thereof.

1 32. The expression cassette of claim 20, further comprising a nucleic
2 acid encoding at least one additional antigen from a *Mycobacterium* species of the
3 tuberculosis complex, wherein the antigen is selected from the group consisting
4 of MTB8.4 antigen (SEQ ID NO:22), MTB9.8 antigen (SEQ ID NO:24), MTB9.9 antigen
5 (SEQ ID NO:27), MTB40 antigen (SEQ ID NO:29), MTB41 antigen (SEQ ID NO:31),
6 38-1 (SEQ ID NO:35), TbRa3 (SEQ ID NO:37), 38 kD (SEQ ID NO:39), DPEP (SEQ ID
7 NO:41), TbH4 (SEQ ID NO:43), DPPD (SEQ ID NO:45), MTB82, Erd14, ESAT-6
8 antigen (SEQ ID NO:33), MTB85 complex antigen, or α -crystalline antigen, or an
9 immunogenic fragment thereof.

1 33. The expression cassette of claim 20, further comprising a nucleic
2 acid encoding an NS1 antigen.

1 34. The expression cassette of claim 20, wherein the *Mycobacterium*
2 species is *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*.

1 35. A method for eliciting an immune response in a mammal, the
2 method comprising the step of administering to the mammal an immunologically
3 effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition comprising a MTB39 antigen (SEQ ID
4 NO:12 or 14) or an immunogenic fragment thereof from a *Mycobacterium* species of the
5 tuberculosis complex, and a MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4) or an immunogenic
6 fragment thereof from a *Mycobacterium* species of the tuberculosis complex.

1 36. The method of claim 35, wherein the mammal has been immunized
2 with BCG.

1 37. The method of claim 35, wherein the mammal is a human.

1 38. The method of claim 35, wherein the composition is administered
2 prophylactically.

1 39. The method of claim 35, comprising a MTB39 antigen (SEQ ID
2 NO:12 or 14) or an immunogenic fragment thereof from a *Mycobacterium* species of the
3 tuberculosis complex, and a polypeptide comprising at least 195 amino acids from the N-
4 terminus of a MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4) from a *Mycobacterium* species of
5 the tuberculosis complex.

1 40. The method of claim 39, further comprising a polypeptide
2 comprising at least about 132 amino acids from the C-terminus of MTB32A antigen
3 (SEQ ID NO: 2 or 4) from a *Mycobacterium* species of the tuberculosis complex.

1 41. The method of claim 35 or 39, wherein the antigens are covalently
2 linked, thereby forming a fusion protein.

1 42. The method of claim 41, wherein the fusion polypeptide has the
2 amino acid sequence of MTB59F (SEQ ID NO:20).

1 43. The method of claim 40, wherein the antigens are covalently
2 linked, thereby forming a fusion protein.

1 44. The method of claim 43, wherein the fusion polypeptide has the
2 amino acid sequence of MTB72F (SEQ ID NO:16).

1 45. The method of claim 43, wherein the fusion polypeptide has the
2 amino acid sequence of MTB72FMutSA (SEQ ID NO:18).

1 46. The method of claim 35, wherein the pharmaceutical composition
2 further comprises an adjuvant.

1 47. The method of claim 46, wherein the adjuvant comprises QS21 and
2 MPL.

1 48. The method of claim 46, wherein the adjuvant is selected from the
2 group consisting of AS2, ENHANZYN, MPL, 3D-MPL, IFA, QS21, CWS, TDM, AGP,
3 CPG, Leif, saponin, and saponin mimetics.

1 49. A method for eliciting an immune response in a mammal, the
2 method comprising the step of administering to the mammal an immunologically
3 effective amount of an expression cassette comprising a nucleic acid encoding a MTB39
4 antigen (SEQ ID NO:12 or 14) or an immunogenic fragment thereof from a
5 *Mycobacterium* species of the tuberculosis complex, and a nucleic acid encoding a
6 MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4) or an immunogenic fragment thereof from a
7 *Mycobacterium* species of the tuberculosis complex.

1 50. The method of claim 49, wherein the mammal has been immunized
2 with BCG.

1 51. The method of claim 49, wherein the mammal is a human.

1 52. The method of claim 49, wherein the composition is administered
2 prophylactically.

1 53. The method of claim 49, wherein the nucleic acid encodes a fusion
2 polypeptide comprising a MTB39 antigen (SEQ ID NO:12 or 14) or an immunogenic
3 fragment thereof, and a polypeptide comprising at least 195 amino acids from the N-
4 terminus of a MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4).

1 54. The method of claim 53, further comprising a nucleic acid
2 encoding a polypeptide comprising at least 132 amino acids of the C-terminus of a
3 MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4) from a *Mycobacterium* species of the tuberculosis
4 complex.

1 55. The method of claim 49, wherein the nucleic acid encodes a fusion
2 polypeptide comprising a MTB39 antigen (SEQ ID NO: 12 or 14) or an immunogenic
3 fragment thereof and a nucleic acid encoding a MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4) or
4 an immunogenic fragment thereof.

1 56. The method of claim 55, wherein the nucleic acid encodes a fusion
2 polypeptide comprising a MTB39 antigen (SEQ ID NO:12 or 14) or an immunogenic
3 fragment thereof, and a polypeptide comprising at least 195 amino acids from the N-
4 terminus of a MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO: 2 or 4).

1 57. The method of claim 56, wherein the fusion polypeptide further
2 comprises a polypeptide comprising at least 132 amino acids of the C-terminus of a
3 MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4).

1 58. The method of claim 56, wherein the nucleic acid encodes a fusion
2 polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of MTB59F (SEQ ID NO:20).

1 59. The method of claim 58, wherein the nucleic acid has the
2 nucleotide sequence of the nucleic acid encoding MTB59F (SEQ ID NO:19).

1 60. The method of claim 57, wherein the nucleic acid encodes a fusion
2 polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of MTB72F (SEQ ID NO:16).

1 61. The method of claim 57, wherein the nucleic acid encodes a fusion
2 polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of MTB72FMutSA (SEQ ID NO:18).

1 62. The method of claim 60, wherein the nucleic acid has the
2 nucleotide sequence of the nucleic acid encoding MTB72F (SEQ ID NO:15).

1 63. The method of claim 60, wherein the nucleic acid has the
2 nucleotide sequence of the nucleic acid encoding MTB72FMutSA (SEQ ID NO:17).

1 64. An isolated nucleic acid encoding a MTB32A antigen from a
2 *Mycobacterium* species of the tuberculosis complex, wherein at least one amino acid in
3 the active site triad of the MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4) has been substituted by
4 a different amino acid.

1 65. The nucleic acid of claim 64, wherein an serine residue
2 corresponding to amino acid position 183 of SEQ ID NO:4 or position 207 of SEQ ID
3 NO:2 has been substituted by another amino acid.

1 66. The nucleic acid of claim 65, wherein an alanine residue has been
2 substituted for the serine residue.

1 67. The nucleic acid of claim 66, wherein the nucleic acid comprises a
2 nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:5.

1 68. A composition comprising the nucleic acid of claim 64.

1 69. A nucleic acid encoding a fusion polypeptide comprising the
2 nucleic acid of claim 64.

1 70. An isolated MTB32A polypeptide from a *Mycobacterium* species
2 of the tuberculosis complex, wherein at least one amino acid in the active site triad of the
3 MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4) has been substituted by a different amino acid.

1 71. The polypeptide of claim 70, wherein a serine residue
2 corresponding to amino acid position 183 of SEQ ID NO:4 or amino acid position 207 of
3 SEQ ID NO:2 has been substituted by another amino acid.

1 72. The polypeptide of claim 71, wherein an alanine residue has been
2 substituted for the serine residue.

1 73. A polypeptide of claim 72, wherein the polypeptide comprises an
2 amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

1 74. A composition comprising the polypeptide of claim 70.

1 75. A fusion polypeptide comprising the polypeptide of claim 70.

1 76. An isolated nucleic acid encoding a fusion polypeptide comprising
2 a MTB39 antigen (SEQ ID NO:12 or 14) from a *Mycobacterium* species of the
3 tuberculosis complex, and an antigen comprising at least 195 amino acids from the N-
4 terminus of a MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4) from a *Mycobacterium* species of
5 the tuberculosis complex, wherein an amino acid of the active site triad of the MTB32A
6 antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4) has been substituted by a different amino acid.

1 77. The nucleic acid of claim 76, wherein a serine residue
2 corresponding to amino acid at position 183 of SEQ ID NO:4 or position 207 of SEQ ID
3 NO:2 has been substituted by another amino acid.

1 78. The nucleic acid of claim 77, wherein an alanine residue has been
2 substituted for the serine residue.

1 79. A composition comprising the nucleic acid of claim 76.

1 80. A nucleic acid encoding a fusion polypeptide comprising the
2 nucleic acid of claim 76.

1 81. A nucleic acid encoding a fusion polypeptide, wherein the nucleic
2 acid comprises a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:17.

1 82. A nucleic acid encoding a fusion polypeptide comprising an amino
2 acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:18.

1 83. An isolated polypeptide encoding a fusion polypeptide comprising
2 a MTB39 (SEQ ID NO: 12 or 14) antigen from a *Mycobacterium* species of the
3 tuberculosis complex, and an antigen comprising at least 195 amino acids from the N-
4 terminus of a MTB32A antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4) from a *Mycobacterium* species of
5 the tuberculosis complex, wherein an amino acid of the active site triad of the MTB32A
6 antigen (SEQ ID NO:2 or 4) has been substituted by a different amino acid.

1 84. The polypeptide of claim 83, wherein an serine residue
2 corresponding to amino acid position 183 of SEQ ID NO:4 or amino acid position 207 of
3 SEQ ID NO:2 has been substituted by another amino acid.

1 85. The polypeptide of claim 83, wherein an alanine residue has been
2 substituted for the serine residue.

1 86. A composition comprising the polypeptide of claim 83.

1 87. A fusion polypeptide comprising the polypeptide of claim 83.

1 88. A fusion polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ
2 ID NO:18.

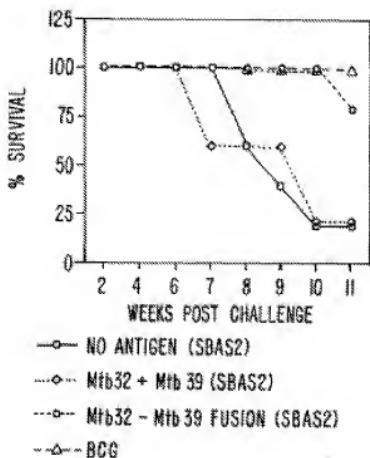


FIG. 1.

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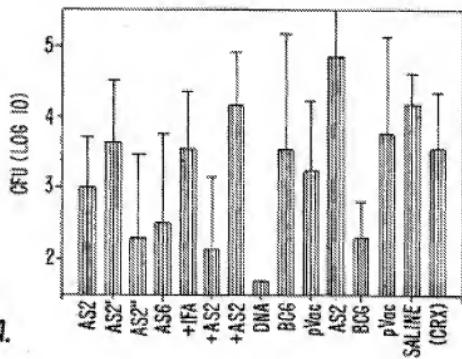


FIG. 2A.

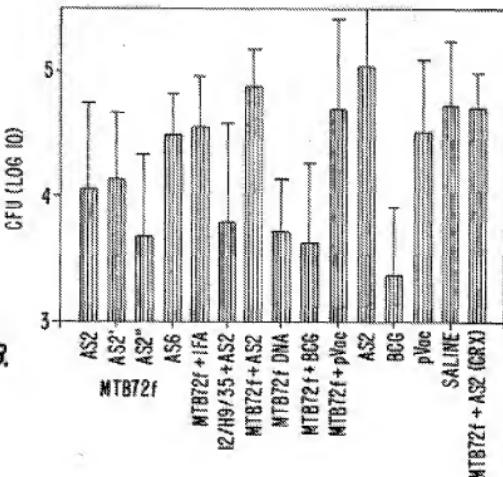


FIG. 2B.

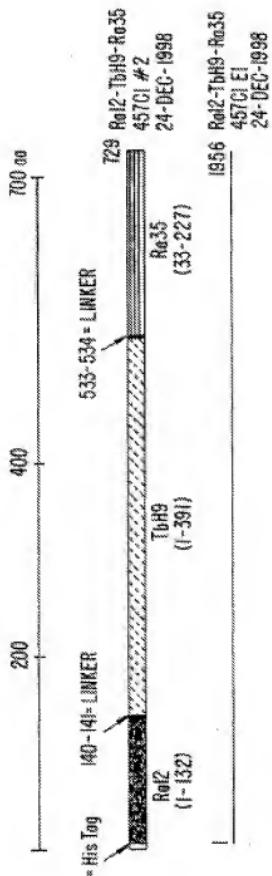


FIG. 3.

22835 N-terminal amino acid sequence

Ala Pro Pro Ala Leu Ser Gln Asp Arg	10	phe	Ala Asp	Pro Ala Leu Pro	Asp Pro Ser Ala
5	15				20
Met Val Ala Gln Val Gly Pro Gln Val Val Asn	25	Ile Asn Thr Lys Leu Gly Tyr Asn Asn Ala Val			
	30	35	40		
Gly Ala Gly Thr Gly Ile Val Ile Asp Pro Asn Gly Val Val Leu Thr Asn Asn His Val Ile Ala	45	50	55	60	65
Gly Ala Thr Asp Ile Asn Ala Phe Ser Val Gly Ser Gly Gln Thr Tyr Gly Val Asp Val Val Gly	70	75	80	85	
Tyr Asp Arg Thr Gln Asp Val Ala Val Leu Gln Leu Arg Gly Ala Gly Gly Leu Pro Ser Ala Ala	90	95	100	105	110

FIG. 4.

Ile Gly Gly Val Ala Val Gly Glu Pro Val Val Ala Met Gly Asn Ser Gly Gly Gln Gly Gly
115 120 125 130
Thr Pro Arg Ala Val Pro Gly Arg Val Val Ala Leu Gly Gln Thr Val Gin Ala Ser Asp Ser Leu
135 140 145 150
Thr Gly Ala Glu Glu Thr Leu Asn Gly Leu Ile Gin Phe Asp Ala Ile Gln Pro Gly Asp Ser
155 160 165 170 175
Gly Gly Pro Val Val Asn Gly Leu Gly Gln Val Val Gly Met Pen Thr Ala Ala Ser
180 185 190 195

FIG. 4. (CONTINUED)

1 MHHHHH¹FAASDNFQLSQQGGFALPIGQAMA1AGQIRSGGGSPVHIGPTAFLG Mtb72f
 1 MHHHHH¹FAASDNFQLSQQGGFALPIGQAMA1AGQIRSGGGSPVHIGPTAFLG Mtb72f-mutSA
 56 LGVVDNGNGARVQVVGSAPAASLGLISTGDVITAVDGAPINSATAMADALNGH Mtb72f
 56 LGVVDNGNGARVQVVGSAPAASLGLISTGDVITAVDGAPINSATAMADALNGH Mtb72f-mutSA
 111 PGDVISVYWTQKSFETRTINVTAEGPP²ETIVDFGALPPEINSARMYAGPGSAS Mtb72f
 111 PGDVISVYWTQKSFETRTINVTAEGPP²ETIVDFGALPPEINSARMYAGPGSAS Mtb72f-mutSA
 166 IVAAGQWDSVASDLESSASAEOFQSVVWGLTVGWIQSSAGMVIAASPYVAMSV Mtb72f
 166 IVAAGQWDSVASDLESSASAEOFQSVVWGLTVGWIQSSAGMVIAASPYVAMSV Mtb72f-mutSA
 221 TAGQALTAQVVRVAAAYETAYGLTUPPYIAENRAELMILIAITNLQONTPAI Mtb72f
 221 TAGQALTAQVVRVAAAYETAYGLTUPPYIAENRAELMILIAITNLQONTPAI Mtb72f-mutSA
 276 AVNEAEYGMNAQDRAAMPCYAAATATATATLIPPEEAPENTSAGGLLEQAAVE Mtb72f
 276 AVNEAEYGMNAQDRAAMPCYAAATATATLIPPEEAPENTSAGGLLEQAAVE Mtb72f-mutSA
 331 EASDTAAANOLMNNVPOALQOIAOPTOGTTPSKIGGLWKTVSPIRSPISNMVSM Mtb72f
 331 EASDTAAANOLMNNVPOALQOIAOPTOGTTPSKIGGLWKTVSPIRSPISNMVSM Mtb72f-mutSA
 386 ANNHMSMTNSGVSMNTLSMILKGFAPAAAQAVOTAQNGVRAMSSLGSS Mtb72f
 386 ANNHMSMTNSGVSMNTLSMILKGFAPAAAQAVOTAQNGVRAMSSLGSS Mtb72f-mutSA
 441 GLGGGIAANLGRASVGVSISVPOQAAAANQAVTPAARALPLTSLSAERGPQOM Mtb72f
 441 GLGGGIAANLGRASVGVSISVPOQAAAANQAVTPAARALPLTSLSAERGPQOM Mtb72f-mutSA

FIG. 5.

496 IGGGLPVGOMGARAGGGSLSGVLRWPPRPPYMPHSPAAGDIAAPPALSQDRPADFPAL Mtb72f
 496 IGGGLPVGOMGARAGGGSLSGVLRWPPRPPYMPHSPAAGDIAAPPALSQDRPADFPAL Mtb72f-mutSA
 551 PLDPESSAMVAAQVGPOVNNINTKLYNNAVGAGGTGIVIDENGVLTNNAVIAGATDI Mtb72f
 551 PLDPESSAMVAAQVGPOVNNINTKLYNNAVGAGGTGIVIDENGVLTNNAVIAGATDI Mtb72f-mutSA
 606 NAFSVGSGOTYGVDDVVGYDRTQDVAVLQLRGAGGLPSAATGGGVAVGEVVAMGN Mtb72f
 606 NAFSVGSGOTYGVDDVVGYDRTQDVAVLQLRGAGGLPSAATGGGVAVGEVVAMGN Mtb72f-mutSA
 661 SGGQQGGTPRAVPGRVVALGOTYQASDSLTTGAETTINGLIQFDAIQPDISSGPVV Mtb72f
 661 SGGQQGGTPRAVPGRVVALGOTYQASDSLTTGAETTINGLIQFDAIQPDISSGPVV Mtb72f-mutSA
 716 NGLGQVVGMNTAAS
 716 NGLGQVVGMNTAAS

FIG. 5. (CONTINUED)

1 Ra35 N-term
 1 MHHHHHHH¹ PAPLSQDRFADEPAILPDSAMVAAQVSPQVWINTKLGYNNAA TbRa35 mat
 1 MHHHHHHH¹ PAPLSQDRFADEPAILPDSAMVAAQVSPQVWINTKLGYNNAA TbRa35 mutSA

51 VAGAGTGVYIDPQNGVVLTNNH¹ VAGATDINAFS² VSGSGOTYGVIVVGYDFTQ TbRa35 mat
 51 VAGAGTGVYIDPQNGVVLTNNH¹ VAGATDINAFS² VSGSGOTYGVIVVGYDFTQ TbRa35 mutSA

101 DVAVQLEGGAGGLPSAAITGGVAVGEPPVAMNSGGGGT³ PRAVEGRVVA TbRa35 mat
 101 DVAVQLEGGAGGLPSAAITGGVAVGEPPVAMNSGGGGT³ PRAVEGRVVA TbRa35 mutSA

151 LGQTYDASDSLITGNEETLNLQFQDAAIOPG⁴ SGGGPVIVNGQGVYGMNTA TbRa35 mat
 151 LGQTYDASDSLITGNEETLNLQFQDAAIOPG⁴ SGGGPVIVNGQGVYGMNTA TbRa35 mutSA

end Ra35 N-term

201 AS⁵ DNFQLSQGQGTAIPQAMALIAGQI⁶ PIGQAMALIAGQI⁷ RSGGSSPTVHIGPTA⁸ TGLGVY TbRa35 mat
 201 AS⁵ DNFQLSQGQGTAIPQAMALIAGQI⁶ PIGQAMALIAGQI⁷ RSGGSSPTVHIGPTA⁸ TGLGVY TbRa35 mutSA

251 DNNNGNARVQVVGSAPAASIGI⁹ STGDVITAVGAPINSATAMADALNH TbRa35 mat
 251 DNNNGNARVQVVGSAPAASIGI⁹ STGDVITAVGAPINSATAMADALNH TbRa35 mutSA

301 HPGDVITSVWOTKS¹⁰ GSGSTRTRGVTLAEGPPA end TbRa35 mat
 301 HPGDVITSVWOTKS¹⁰ GSGSTRTRGVTLAEGPPA Ra12 TbRa35 mutSA

FIG. 6.

9/9

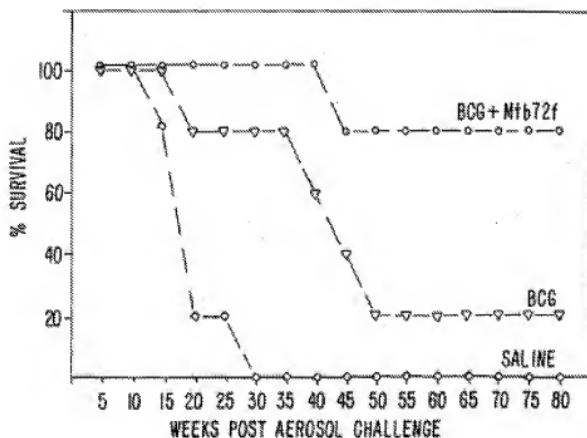
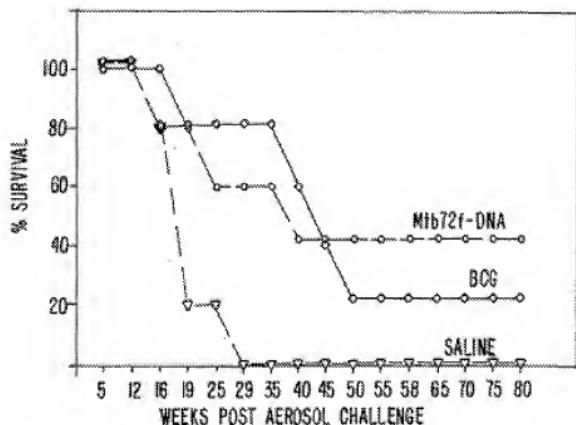


FIG. 7

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

SEQUENCE LISTING

5 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1: MTB32A (RaS5 FL)

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1672 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

15 GACTCTCTT GTCGGAAAGA ATGGCTGGAG GCGGGGGGGG TGGGGGGGGG CAACTTCTGA 60
 TCTCTTACCG GACACAGAG GTTACGGGAT GAGGATTGGG CGGCGCGCTG CACTCTGGGG 120
 GYCAAGTGGT CTCAGGGGGT TGTGCGGGGT CGGGCTGGGG CGGGCGGGGG 180
 GGGGGGGGGG CGGGCTGGGGT CGGGGGGGGG GTGGCGGGGGG TGGCCCTTGGGA 240
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 300
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 360
 20 CTACACACAC GCGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 420
 GACGACACAC GCGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 480
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 540
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 600
 25 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 660
 GAGCTTAAAC GGGTTGATCC AGGTTGGGAT CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 720
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 780
 GGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 840
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 900
 30 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 960
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 1020
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 1080
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 1140
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 1200
 35 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 1260
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 1320
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 1380
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 1440
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 1500
 40 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 1560
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 1620
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 1680
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 1740
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 1800
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 1860
 45 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 1920
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 1980
 CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG CGGGGGGGGG 2040

50 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 385 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2: MTB32A (RaS5FL)

60 Met Ser Asn Ser Arg Arg Arg Ser Leu Arg Trp Ser Trp Leu Leu Ser 1 5 10 15
 1 Val Leu Ala Ala Val Gly Leu Gly Leu Ala Thr Ala Pro Ala Glu Ala 20 25 30
 2 Glu Pro Pro Ala Leu Ser Glu Asp Arg Arg Mle Ala Asp Phe Pro Ala Leu 35 40 45
 65 Pro Leu Asp Pro Ser Ala Met Val Ala Glu Val Ala Pro Glu Val Val 50 55 60
 3 Asn Lys Asn Thr Lys Lys Gly Tyr Asn Asn Ala Val Gly Ala Gly Thr 65 70 75 80

Gly Ile Val Ile Asp Pro Asn Gly Val Val Leu Thr Asn Asn His Val
 85 90 95
 Ile Ala Gly Ala Thr Asp Ile Asn Ala Phe Ser Val Gly Ser Gly Gln
 100 105 110
 5 Thr Tyr Gly Val Asp Val Val Gly Tyr Asp Arg Thr Gln Asp Val Ala
 115 120 125
 Val Leu Gln Leu Arg Gly Ala Ser Gly Leu Pro Ser Ala Ala Ile Gly
 130 135 140
 Gly Gly Val Ala Val Gly Glu Pro Val Val Ala Met Gly Asn Ser Gly
 145 150 155 160
 Gly Gln Gly Gly Thr Pro Arg Ala Val Pro Gly Arg Val Val Ala Leu
 165 170 175
 Gly Gln Thr Val Gln Ala Ser Asp Ser Leu Thr Gly Ala Glu Glu Thr
 180 185 190
 10 Leu Asn Gly Leu Ile Gln Phe Asp Ala Ala Ile Gln Pro Gly Asp Ser
 195 200 205
 Gly Gly Pro Val Val Asn Gly Leu Gly Gln Val Val Gly Met Asn Thr
 210 215 220
 Ala Ala Ser Asp Asn Phe Gln Leu Ser Gln Gly Gly Glu Gly Phe Ala
 225 230 235 240
 Ile Pro Ile Gly Gln Ala Met Ala Ile Ala Gly Gln Ile Arg Ser Gly
 245 250 255
 Gly Gly Ser Pro Thr Val His Ile Gly Pro Thr Ala Phe Leu Gly Leu
 260 265 270
 15 Gly Val Val Asp Asn Asn Gly Asn Gly Ala Arg Val Gln Arg Val Val
 275 280 285
 Gly Ser Ala Pro Ala Ala Ser Leu Gly Ile Ser Thr Gly Asp Val Ile
 290 295 300
 Thr Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Pro Ile Asn Ser Ala Thr Ala Met Ala Asp
 305 310 315 320
 Ala Leu Asn Gly His His Pro Gly Asp Val Ile Ser Val Asn Trp Glu
 325 330 335
 Thr Lys Ser Gly Gly Thr Arg Thr Gly Asn Val Thr Leu Ala Glu Gly
 340 345 350
 20 Pro Pro Ala
 355

<212> RNA
 40 <313> Rb15 mature
 <400> SEQ ID NO:3

 caccatggatcc accatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc 60
 tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc 120
 45 accatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc 180
 gatccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc 240
 gatccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc 300
 tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc 360
 tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc 420
 50 accatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc 480
 tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc 540
 tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc 600
 55 tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc 660
 tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc 720
 tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc 780
 tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc 840
 tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc 900
 tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc 960
 60 tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc tccatggatcc 1020

<212> PRT
 <313> Rb15 mature
 <400> SEQ ID NO:4

 Met His His His His His His Ala Pro Pro Ala Leu Ser Gln Asp Arg
 5 10 15

Ala Arg Val Glu Arg Val Val Gly Ser Ala Pro Ala Asp Ser Leu Gly			
260	265	270	
Ile Ser Thr Gly Asp Val Ile Thr Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Pro Thr Asp			
5 275	280	285	
Ser Ala Thr Ala Met Ala Asp Ala Leu Asn Gly His His Pro Gly Asp			
290	295	300	
Ile Ser Val Thr Tyr Gln Thr Lys Ser Gly Gly Thr Arg Thr Gly			
10 305	310	315	320
Asn Val Thr Leu Ala Glu Gly Pro Pro Ala			
325	330		

(2) *Interpretations were made this May 2, 1948, (Minneapolis, Minnesota).*

612 GROWTH CHAMBERS

20 (A) LENGTH: 615 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (001) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 7:

40 (1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 205 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(83) SPECIMEN DESCRIPTION: See ID 50:6.

Ala Pro Pro Ala Leu Ser Glu Asp Arg Phe Ala Asp Phe Pro Ala Leu
 50 Pro Leu Asp Pro Ser Ala Met Val Ala Glu Val Ala Pro Glu Val Val
 Asn Ile Asn Thr Lys Leu Gly Tyr Asn Asn Ala Val Glu Gly Ala Gly Thr
 Gly Ile Val Ile Asp Pro Asn Gly Val Val Leu Thr Asn Asn His Val
 55 Ile Ala Gly Ala Thr Asp Ile Asn Ala Phe Ser Val Gly Ser Gly Glu
 Thr Tyr Gly Val Asp Val Val Gly Tyr Asp Arg Thr Gln Asp Val Ala
 60 Val Leu Glu Leu Arg Gly Ala Gly Gly Leu Pro Ser Asn Ala Ile Gly
 Gly Gly Val Ala Val Gly Glu Pro Val Val Ala Met Gly Asn Ser Gly
 65 Gly Glu Gly Gly Thr Pro Arg Ala Val Pro Gly Arg Val Val Ala Leu
 Gly Glu Thr Val Glu Ala Ser Asp Ser Leu Thr Gly Ala Glu Glu Thr
 Leu Asn Gly Leu Ile Glu Phe Asp Ala Ala Ile Glu Pro Gly Asp Ser

Gly Gly Pro Val Val Asn Gly Leu Gly Glu Val Val Gly Met Asn Thr
 Ala Ala Ser

5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9: Ra12

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 447 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (xii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

CGGTTGAC	ACGGGCGCT	CGGAACTTC	CGGGTTCAC	CGGGGTGCG	AGGGATTGCG	6
CATGTCAT	CGGGGCGGA	TGGGGTGC	GGGGCGATG	CGGGCGTGT	GGGGTTCACG	126
ACGGCTTC	ATCGGGCTCA	CGGCGCTCT	GGGGTGGTGT	GGGGTGTGCA	ACGACGCGAA	189
CGGGGCGA	GGCCCAAGG	TGGGGCGAG	GGGGCGGGG	GGGGTGTGCG	GGGGTTCACG	245
GGGGGCGG	ATCGGGCGG	TGGGGCGGG	GGGGCGGGG	GGGGTGTGCG	GGGGTTCACG	300
GGGGGCGG	ATCGGGCGG	TGGGGCGGG	GGGGCGGGG	GGGGTGTGCG	GGGGTTCACG	360
GGGGGCGG	ATCGGGCGG	TGGGGCGGG	GGGGCGGGG	GGGGTGTGCG	GGGGTTCACG	426
ATCGGGCGG	GGGGGCGG	ATCGGGCGG	GGGGGCGG	GGGGTGTGCG	GGGGTTCACG	447

25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10: Ra12

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 132 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

35 (xii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

Thr Ala Ala Ser Asp Asn Phe Glu Leu Ser Glu Gly Gly	Gly	1	18	18	18	18
Ala Ile Pro Ile Gly Glu Ala Met Ala Ile Asp Gly Glu Ile	Arg Ser	26	26	36		
Gly Gly Ser Pro Thr Val His Ile Gly Pro Thr Ala Phe Leu	Cly	35	40	48		
Leu Gly Val Val Asp Asn Asn Gly Asn Gly Ala Arg Val Glu	Arg Val	56	56	66		
Val Gly Ser Ala Pro Ala Ala Ser Ile Gly Ile Ser Thr Gly Asp	Val	66	72	75	80	80
Ile Thr Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Pro Ile Asn Ser Ala Thr Ala Met	Ala	85	96	98		
Asp Ala Leu Asn Gly His His Pro Gly Asp Val Ile Ser Val Asn	Tyr	100	109	119		
Gln Thr Lys Ser Gly Gly Thr Arg Thr Gly Asn Val Thr Leu Ala	Glu	113	120	125		
Gly Pro Pro Ala		130				

55

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11: Tb89

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 851 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

65 (xii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

CTGGAGGT GCGGGATGAT GCGTTCAGGG CGGGGCGGCG GAGGTGGACG CGGGGGAGGT	6	6
CGGGGGTGT GCGGGGGCGT GCGGAGGCGT AGCGATACCG GGTGGGGCGT GCGGGGGTGT	126	126

CCCGGAGAC	CTTGCTGTGAC	TGATGATGTT	GATGAGTCAG	AACTTGTGTC	GCAACACAC	180
CCCGGGATC	GCGTGTGATG	AGCGCGGATTA	CGCGGCGTTG	TGGCCCGAC	ACCGCGCGC	240
TTGTTGGTC	TACCGCGGCG	CGACCGGAC	CGCGACGCG	AGGTTCGTC	CGTCGCGGA	100
GGCGCGGCG	ATTAATCGAC	CGGGGGGCG	CTCGCGGCG	GGCGCGCGG	TCTGAGGCG	360
CCCGGACAC	GGCGCGCGG	ACCGCGTGT	CGACGATAC	CGCGACGCG	TGAGACGCGT	420
GGCGGGCGC	ACGCGCGCG	CGCGCGCG	TGCGCGCG	GGCGCGCGG	GGAGACGCGT	880
CCCGGGCGC	CGCGCGCGG	TGCGCGCG	GGCGCGCG	GGAGACGCGT	GGAGACGCGT	940
GGCGCGCGC	GGCGCGCGG	GGCGCGCG	GGCGCGCG	GGAGACGCGT	GGAGACGCGT	600
GGCGCGCGC	GGCGCGCGG	GGCGCGCG	GGCGCGCG	GGAGACGCGT	GGAGACGCGT	660
CTCGCGCGC	TCTGGCTGGT	CTTGCGGCT	GGCGCGCG	GGCGCGCG	GGAGACGCGT	720
GGCGCGCGC	GTGACGTTG	GGCGCGCG	GGCGCGCG	GGAGACGCGT	GGAGACGCGT	780
GGACGCGCG	CGCGGCGTAA	GTTTACCGCC	GTTTCTCGA	GGCGCGCG	GGAGACGCGT	840
GGACGCGCG	C					851

15 (2) INFORMATION FOR SSO ID NO.12:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 263 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12: Thbs

2.2.1. *Chemical structure* (PPG-0.82-200-110-0.2) (Scheme 2) was

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 3058 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

5	GATGTTACCC TTGCGCTTGT TGAGCTTCTG TGAGCTTCTG CTGAGCTTCTG CTGAGCTTCTG	60
	GGATACCA GATGATTTGG CCGCGCGCGC TGACACCCG CCGAGCTACG TGCTACAC	120
	TGTGCTACG ATATCCGCTG CGCGCGCGC SACAGCTGG CTGCGACCCG CGCGCGCGC	180
10	TGAGCTTCTG GCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG GCGCTTCTG ATACAGCTCG	240
	GAAGCTTGTG GCGCTTCTG TGACATACCG ATGCTTGTG TGAGCGCGAG CGAGCGCGAG	300
	CTGTATGCTG CGCGCTTCTG TGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG AGCTAGCGCA CGAGACGCTCG	360
15	CGACGAGAA CGCGCTTCTG TAGGGACACG TAATGTTGTTG TTGCGCTG TTACCGACAA	420
	AGATCGACCTG CGCGCTTCTG TACGGCGCTG CGCGCTTCTG CTGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	480
20	AGTGTGCGA CGCGCTTCTG AGTGTGCGA TTGCGCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	540
	TCTGGGGCTG GCGCTTCTG TGCTGCTG TGCTGCTG CGCGCTTCTG GTGGGGGGGG	600
	CTGCGCTG TGCGCTTCTG AGTGTGCGA CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG ACCCGCGCG	660
25	AGTGTGCGT TGCTGCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG AGTGTGCGA CGCGCTTCTG	720
	TGATGCGA GAGCGCTG CGCGCTTCTG TTGCGCTG TGCGCTG CGCGCTTCTG	780
30	ACGCGCGCG CGCGCTTCTG AACGAGCGCG CGCGCTTCTG ATACAGCGCA CGTGTGCGC CGAAAGCGCG	840
	CGCGCTTCTG TGCTGCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CTGCGCTTCTG	900
35	AGGAGCGCG CGCGCTTCTG AGCGCTGCG AGCTGCGTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	960
	AGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	1020
	AGCTGCGCG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	1080
40	CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	1140
	CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	1200
45	CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	1260
	CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	1320
	CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	1380
50	CGATCACCC CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	1440
	CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	1500
	CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	1560
55	CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	1620
	CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	1680
60	CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	1740
	CGACATGCGA CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	1800
	CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	1860
65	CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	1920
	CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG CGCGCTTCTG	1980

50 GCAGATCTC ACCAGCTAAC GTCACCCGCT GCAGCAAT ACCTTTACAA GCGAAAGGAA 2049
 AGCGTTGCA TGCACCTGCA CTTCATTCATG CGGGATCTC AGCTTCAGGG CCTTACATTC 2100
 CGCTCTTGC CGGGTTCTC CGAGACCGAA CTTCAGGCCA TCTTGTGGA TGTGTGACG 2160
 GCGATCTC TTGGGGCGC CGCGGTTGCG GCGGCTTCC AGGGGTTAT TACCGGGTT 2220
 10 GCGCTTCTC TCCAGCTGAT CTAGGTTAG CGCAAGCCG ACAGGACAGA GCGCGAGCT 2280
 GCGGCAACA AGCTGGCGA AGCGACAGC GCGCTGGCTC CGAGCTGGC CTGACACCC 2340
 GCGAGGCA CGAGAAGGCT TGAAGAGTGA AGTTCCTCTG CTGAGCTTC CGAGGCTTC 2400
 15 CTAACTGGTC AGTGTCTGGCG TGTTCGTTGT TGTCTGCTG GCGGGTTCTT CGTGTCTGCT 2460
 CGTCTGCTG CGGGCTGGG TGAAGACCTG CGGGGCGGG TACGGCTTC CTGCGATCC 2520
 20 TTGGCTGTT TTTCGGCA CGAACGCTCC TACGGAGGG ATGATGAGG CGCGCTGG 2580
 GAGATGCG AGCGACAGG TTGGGGCTG TACCTCTCG TTGGGGCTT CGTGGGGTT 2640
 25 GTTGACACG ATTTGGCGCG AGATCTGCTG CGGGAGCGG GIGARCGCC GCGGGCTGG 2700
 CGGGGGTG CGAGCTGCTG CGGGACACGG AGGAGTTTG CGGGGAGAG CGCGAGCTAC 2760
 CGATCTAT TGGCGACAA CTGAGTGGAC GTGGGGCTG TGGAGATGG AGTGCGACAG 2820
 30 GGTTCGACCG CACGGCGAG AGGGCTGGG CGTGGCTTC AGTGGATGG CGCGCTGGT 2880
 GTTGTGCG CGCTGGCGG CGGGCTGGG CGGGGGCGG CGGGGGGG CGACGAGGC 2940
 35 CGGGGGGG CGGGGGGG CGGGGGGG CGGGGGGG CGGGGGGG CGGGGGGG CGGGGGGG 3000
 GAGAGCGC AGCGACAGG CGGGCTGGC CGGGGGGG AGCTGGATTC CGGGGGGG 3060

40 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14: TbH92L

45 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 191 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

48 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

50 Met Val Asp Phe Gly Ala Leu Pro Pro Glu Ile Asn Ser Ala Arg Met
 1 5 10 15
 Tyr Ala Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ser Leu Val Ala Ala Ala Glu Met Trp
 20 25 30
 55 Asp Ser Val Ala Ser Asp Leu Phe Ser Ala Ala Ser Ala Phe Glu Ser
 35 40 45
 Val Val Trp Gly Leu Thr Val Gly Ser Trp Ile Gly Ser Ser Ala Gly
 50 55 60
 60 Leu Met Val Ala Ala Ala Ser Pro Tyr Val Ala Trp Met Ser Val Thr
 65 70 75 80
 65 Ala Gly Gin Ala Glu Ile Thr Ala Ala Glu Val Arg Val Ala Ala Ala
 85 90 95
 Ala Tyr Glu Thr Ala Tyr Gly Leu Thr Val Val Pro Pro Pro Val Ile Ala
 105 110 115

Glu Asp Arg Ala Glu Leu Met Ile Leu Ile Ala Thr Asn Leu Leu Gly
 115 120 125
 5 Glu Asn Thr Pro Ala Ile Ala Val Asn Glu Ala Glu Tyr Gly Glu Met
 130 135 140
 Trp Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Ala Met Phe Gly Tyr Ala Ala Ala Thr Ala
 145 150 155 160
 10 Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Phe Glu Glu Ala Pro Glu Met Thr
 165 170 175
 Ser Ala Gly Gly Leu Leu Glu Glu Ala Ala Ala Val Glu Glu Ala Ser
 180 185 190
 Asp Thr Ala Ala Ala Asn Gln Leu Met Asn Asn Val Pro Gln Ala Leu
 195 200 205
 20 Gln Gln Leu Ala Gln Pro Thr Gln Gly Thr Thr Pro Ser Ser Lys Leu
 210 215 220
 Gly Gly Leu Trp Lys Thr Val Ser Pro His Arg Ser Pro Ile Ser Asn
 225 230 235 240
 25 Met Val Ser Met Ala Asn Asn His Met Ser Met Thr Asn Ser Gly Val
 245 250 255
 Ser Met Thr Asn Thr Leu Ser Ser Met Leu Lys Gly Phe Ala Pro Ala
 260 265 270
 Ala Ala Ala Gln Ala Val Gln Thr Ala Ala Gln Asn Gly Val Arg Ala
 275 280 285
 30 Met Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Gly Leu Gly Gly
 290 295 300
 Val Ala Ala Asn Leu Gly Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Gly Ser Leu Ser Val
 305 310 315 320
 35 Pro Gln Ala Trp Ala Ala Asn Gln Ala Val Thr Pro Ala Ala Arg
 325 330 335
 Ala Leu Pro Leu Thr Ser Leu Thr Ser Ala Ala Glu Arg Gly Pro Gly
 340 345 350
 40 Gln Met Leu Gly Gly Leu Pro Val Gly Gln Met Gly Ala Arg Ala Gly
 355 360 365
 Gly Gly Leu Ser Gly Val Leu Arg Val Pro Pro Arg Pro Tyr Val Met
 370 375 380
 45 Pro His Ser Pro Ala Ala Gly
 385 390
 50 <210> SEQ ID NO:15
 <211> 2287
 <212> DNA
 60 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <214> Description of Artificial Sequence: tri-fusion
 protein Mtb2P(Rail2-Rail9-Rail5 or Mtb32-Mcb39
 fusion)
 65 tettagaaata attttgttta cttttagaaat gatataata t atg cat cat cat ccc 56
 Met His His His His
 1 2

cat ctc gcc ggc tcc gat acc ttc mag ctg tcc cay ggt ggg cag 104
 His His Thr Ala Ala Ser Asp Asn Phe Glu Leu Ser Gin Gly Glu
 12 15 20

5 ggc ttc gcc att ccc ggg mag gca atg gog atc ggc ggc mag atc 132
 Gly Phe Ala Lys Phe Lys Gly Glu Ala Met Ala Lys Ala Gly Glu Ile
 25 30 35

10 cgt tcc ggt ggg tcc ccc gtt cat atc egg cct acc gcc ttc 200
 Arg Ser Gly Gly Ser Pro Thr Val His Ile Gly Pro Thr Ala Phe
 45 48 50

15 ctc ggc ttc ggt att gtc gac acc acc gct acc ggc gca cca gca 348
 Leu Lys Lys Gly Val Val Asp Asn Asp Lys Asn Gly Ala Arg Val Glu
 55 60 65

20 cgc atc gtc ggg ayc gct ccc ggg gca atg ccc gtc acc tcc acc ggc 396
 Arg Val Val Gly Ser Ala Pro His His Ser Leu Gly Ile Ser Thr Gly
 70 75 80 85

25 atg ggc gac ggc att acc ggg cat cat ccc ggc gac gtc atc tcc tgg 392
 Met Ala Asp Ala Leu Asn Gly His Phe Asp Val Ile Ser Val Val
 105 110 115

30 acc tgg cca acc ayc tcc ggc ggc ayc cgt aca ggg acc gtc acc ttt 460
 Thr Trp Ala Thr Lys Ser Gly Gly Thr Arg Thr Gly Asn Val Thr Ile
 125 130 135

35 gcc gag egg acc acc ggc gac ttc atg gtc gat ttc egg ggc tta cca 488
 Ala Glu Gly Pro Pro Ala Glu His Met Val Lys The Gly Ala Leu Pro
 135 140 145

40 cgg gag acc acc tcc ayc egg atg tec gtc ggc acc ccc egg acc tcc ttt 536
 Pro Glu Ile Asn Ser Ala Arg Met Tyr Ala Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Ser
 150 155 160 165

45 ctt gtc gac gac gct ayc atg tgg gac ayc gtc gog ayc gag ctg ttt 584
 Leu Val Ala Ala Glu Met Trp Asp Ser Val Ala Ser Asp Leu Phe
 170 175 180

50 tgg gtc gug tcc ggg ttt ccc tgg gtc gtc tgg gtc gtc gtc ggg 632
 Ser Ala Ala Ser Ala Phe Gin Ser Val Trp Gly Leu Thr Val Gly
 185 190 195

55 tgg tgg ats ggt tgg tgg gog ggg ttt gtc acc acc gtc ggg 680
 Ser Trp Ile Gly Ser Ser Ala Gly Ile Met Val Ala Ala Ser Pro
 200 205 210

60 ttt gtc gtc tgg ayc ayc gtc acc acc ggg acc acc gtc gtc gtc ggg 728
 Tyr Val Ala Trp Met Ser Val Thr Ala Gly Glu Ala Leu Thr Ala
 215 220 225

65 gcc gag gtc egg gtc gtc gtc ggg ggg acc acc ggg acc acc gtc gtc gtc ggg 776
 Ala Glu Val Arg Val Glu Ala Ala Ala Tyr Glu Thr Glu Tyr Gly Ile
 230 235 240 245

70 ayc gtc acc 824
 Thr Val Pro Pro Pro Val Ile Ala Glu Asn Arg Ala Glu Leu Met Ile
 250 255 260

75 atg ats ggg acc acc acc ctc ttc ggg cca acc acc acc acc acc acc acc 872
 Leu Ile Ala Thr Asn Leu Leu Gly Glu Asn Thr Pro Ala Ile Ala Val
 265 270 275

920	gac gag gac gac taa ggc ggg atg tgg gac cca gac gac ggc ggg arg	Asn Glu Ala Glu Tyr Gly Glu Met Pro Tyr Ala Glu Asp Ala Glu Ala Met
280	285	290
5	ttt gac taa gcc ggc ggg acc ggc acc ggc acc ggc acc ttt ctg ccc	Phe Gly Tyr Ala Ala Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr Leu Leu Pro
295	300	305
568		
10	ttc gag gag ggc acc ggg atg acc acc ggc ggg gat ggg ctc ctc gag ccc	Phe Glu Glu Ala Pro Glu Met Thr Ser Ala Glu Leu Glu Glu Glu
110	115	120
1016		
15	ggc ggc ggc ggc gag gag gac tcc gag acc gag ggc ggg acc ccc tgg	Asp Ala Ala Val Glu Glu Ala Asp Ser Thr Ala Ala Asp Ala Asn Glu Leu
330	335	340
1064		
20	atg acc sat gtc ccc tgg gag ccc tgg gag ccc tgg gag ccc tgg gag	Met Asn Asp Val Pro Glu Ala Leu Glu Glu Leu Ala Glu Pro Thr Glu
345	350	355
1112		
25	ggc acc acc ccc tcc tcc asp ctg ggt gag ctg tgg gag acc acc gtc tgg	Gly Thr Thr Pro Ser Ser Lys Leu Gly Gly Leu Thr Lys Thr Val Ser
360	365	370
1160		
30	cgg cat ccc tgg ccc atc acc acc gtc tgg tgg aug acc acc gtc tgg	Pro His Arg Ser Pro Ile Ser Asn Met Val Ser Met Ala Asn Asn His
375	380	385
1208		
35	atg tgg atg acc acc tcc gat gtc acc tgg tgg acc acc acc ttg acc tgg	Met Ser Met Thr Asn Ser Gly Val Ser Met Thr Asn Thr Leu Ser Ser
390	395	400
1246		
40	atg tgg gag ggc ttt gat cog gag ggc ggc ccc tgg gag ccc tgg gag	Met Leu Lys Gly His Ala Pro Ala Ala His Arg Glu Ala Val Glu Thr
415	415	420
1284		
45	ggc ggc ccc acc ggg gtc ccc ggg acc atg acc tgg ctg gag acc acc ccc	Ala Ala Glu Asn Gly Val Arg Ala Met Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Leu
425	430	435
1322		
50	ggc tcc tcc tgg ggt ctg ggc ggt ggg gtc ggc ggg acc acc tgg ccc	Gly Ser Ser Gly Leu Gly Val Ala Ala Asn Leu Gly Arg Ala
440	445	450
1360		
55	ggc tgg gtc gtt tgg tgg tgg tgg tgg tgg acc acc acc acc acc acc	Ala Ser Val Gly Ser Val Pro Glu Ala Thr Pro Ala Ala Asn Asp
455	460	465
1448		
60	cac gca gtc acc ccc ggg ggg ccc gag ctg gag acc acc acc acc acc	Gln Ala Val Thr Pro Ala Ala Arg Ala Leu Pro Leu Thr Ser Leu Thr
470	475	480
1486		
65	agg gac ggc gaa agg ccc ggg ccc gag acc acc tgg gag ggg ctg ccc	Gly Ser Ala Ala Glu Arg Gly Pro Gly Glu Met Ieu Gly Ieu Pro Val
490	495	500
1524		
70	ggc ccc acc ggc gca agg gac ggt agg gag ccc tcc acc acc acc acc	Gly Glu Met Gly Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Ieu Ser Gly Ieu Leu Arg
505	510	515
1562		
75	gtt ccc ccc ccc acc ttt tgg atg acc acc acc acc acc acc acc acc	Val Pro Cys Pro Arg Pro Tyr Val Met Pro His Ser Pro Ala Glu Asp
520	525	530
1600		
80	atc gcc ccc ccc ggc tgg tgg ccc gag ccc tcc gtc gag acc acc acc	Ala Pro Pro Ala Leu Ser Glu Asp Arg Phe Ala Asp Phe Pro Ala
535	540	545
1638		

	50	55	60
	Gly Ala Arg Val Gin Arg Val Val Gly Ser Ala Pro Ala Ala Ser Leu		
5	65 70 75 80		
	Gly Ile Ser Thr Gly Asp Val Ile Thr Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Pro Ile		
	85 90 95		
10	Asn Ser Ala Thr Ala Met Ala Asp Ala Leu Asn Gly His His Pro Gly		
	105 108 110		
	Asp Val Ile Ser Val Thr Trp Glu Thr Lys Ser Gly Gly Thr Arg Thr		
	115 120 125		
15	Gly Asn Val Thr Leu Ala Glu Gly Pro Pro Ala Glu Phe Met Val Asp		
	130 135 140		
	Phe Gly Ala Leu Pro Pro Glu Ile Asn Ser Ala Arg Met Tyr Ala Gly		
20	145 150 155 160		
	Pro Gly Ser Ala Ser Leu Val Ala Ala Ala Glu Met Trp Asp Ser Val		
	165 170 175		
25	Ala Ser Asp Ileu Phe Ser Ala Ala Ser Ala Phe Glu Ser Val Val Trp		
	180 185 190		
	Gly Leu Thr Val Gly Ser Trp Ile Gly Ser Ser Ala Gly Ileu Met Val		
	195 200 205		
30	Ala Ala Ala Ser Pro Tyr Val Ala Trp Met Ser Val Thr Ala Gly Glu		
	210 215 220		
	Ala Glu Leu Thr Ala Ala Glu Val Arg Val Ala Ala Ala Tyr Glu		
	225 230 235 240		
35	Thr Ala Tyr Gly Leu Thr Val Pro Pro Val Ile Ala Glu Asp Arg		
	245 250 255		
	Ala Glu Leu Met Ile Leu Ile Ala Thr Asn Leu Leu Gly Glu Asp Thr		
	260 265 270		
40	Pro Ala Ile Ala Val Asn Glu Ala Glu Tyr Gly Glu Met Trp Ala Glu		
	275 280 285		
	Asp Ala Ala Ala Met Phe Gly Tyr Ala Ala Ala Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr		
45	290 295 300		
	Ala Thr Leu Leu Pro Phe Glu Glu Ala Pro Glu Met Thr Ser Ala Gly		
	305 310 315 320		
50	Gly Leu Leu Glu Glu Ala Ala Ala Val Glu Glu Ala Ser Asp Thr Ala		
	325 330 335		
	Ala Ala Ser Glu Leu Met Asp Asn Val Pro Glu Ala Ileu Glu Leu		
	340 345 350		
55	Ala Glu Pro Thr Glu Gly Thr Thr Pro Ser Ser Lys Ileu Gly Gly Leu		
	355 360 365		
	Trp Lys Thr Val Ser Pro His Arg Ser Pro Ile Ser Asn Met Val Ser		
60	370 375 380		
	Met Ala Asn Asn His Met Ser Met Thr Asn Ser Gly Val Ser Met Thr		
	385 390 395 400		
65	Asn Thr Leu Ser Ser Met Leu Ilys Gly Phe Ala Pro Ala Ala Ala Arg		
	405 410 415		
	Gln Ala Val Glu Thr Ile Ala Glu Asn Gly Val Arg Ala Met Ser Ser		

Phe Gly Ala Leu Pro Pro Glu Ile Asn Ser Ala Arg Met Tyr Ala Gly
 145 349 155 160
 Pro Gly Ser Ala Ser Leu Val Ala Ala Ala Glu Met Trp Asp Ser Val
 5 165 170 175
 Ala Ser Asp Leu Phe Ser Ala Ala Ser Ala Phe Glu Ser Val Val Trp
 180 185 190
 10 Gly Leu Thr Val Gly Ser Trp Ile Gly Ser Ser Ala Gly Leu Met Val
 195 200 205
 Ala Ala Ala Ser Pro Tyr Val Ala Trp Met Ser Val Thr Ala Gly Glu
 210 215 220
 15 Ala Glu Leu Thr Ala Ala Glu Val Arg Val Ala Ala Ala Tyr Glu
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Ala Tyr Gly Leu Thr Val Pro Pro Val Ile Ala Glu Leu Arg
 245 250 255
 Ala Glu Leu Met Ile Leu Ile Ala Thr Asn Leu Leu Gly Glu Ser Thr
 260 265 270
 25 Pro Ala Ile Ala Val Asn Glu Ala Glu Tyr Gly Glu Met Trp Ala Glu
 275 280 285
 Asp Ala Ala Ala Met Phe Gly Tyr Ala Ala Ala Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr
 290 295 300
 30 Ala Thr Leu Leu Pro Phe Glu Glu Ala Pro Glu Met Thr Ser Ala Gly
 305 310 315 320
 Gly Leu Leu Glu Glu Ala Ala Ala Val Glu Glu Ala Ser Asp Thr Ala
 325 330 335
 Ala Ala Asn Gin Leu Met Asn Asn Val Pro Glu Ala Leu Glu Glu Leu
 340 345 350
 40 Ala Glu Pro Thr Glu Gly Thr Thr Pro Ser Ser Iys Leu Gly Gly Leu
 355 360 365
 Trp Lys Thr Val Ser Pro His Arg Ser Pro Ile Ser Asn Asn Met Val Ser
 370 375 380
 45 Met Ala Asn Asn Lys Met Ser Met Thr Asn Ser Gly Val Ser Met Thr
 385 390 395 400
 Asn Thr Leu Ser Ser Met Leu Lys Gly Phe Ala Phe Ala Ala Ala Ala
 50 405 410 415
 Glu Ala Val Glu Thr Ala Ala Glu Asn Gly Val Arg Ala Met Ser Ser
 420 425 430
 55 Leu Gly Ser Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Gly Leu Gly Gly Val Ala Ala
 435 440 445
 Asn Leu Gly Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Gly Ser Leu Ser Val Pro Glu Ala
 450 455 460
 60 Trp Ala Ala Ala Asn Glu Ala Val Thr Pro Ala Ala Arg Ala Leu Pro
 465 470 475 480
 Leu Thr Ser Leu Thr Ser Ala Glu Arg Gly Pro Gly Glu Met Leu
 485 490 495
 65 Gly Gly Leu Pro Val Gly Glu Met Gly Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Leu
 500 505 510